

CODA MINERALS LIMITED ACN 625 763 957 (COMPANY)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2021

The Board of Coda Minerals Limited (ASX:COD) ("Coda Minerals" or "the Company") has responsibility for corporate governance for the Company and its subsidiaries and has implemented policies, procedures and systems of control with the intent of providing a strong framework and practical means for ensuring good governance outcomes which meet the expectations of all stakeholders.

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 29 September 2021 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has, during the financial year ending 30 June 2021, followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition ("Recommendations"). The Company will continue to review its policies to ensure they reflect any changes within the Company, or to accepted principles and good practice.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan and other corporate governance policies are available on the Corporate Governance page on the Company's website at <u>www.codaminerals.com/investors/</u>.

This Statement sets out corporate governance practices adopted by the Board and which were in place during the financial year ending 30 June 2021.

By order of the Board

Susan Park Company Secretary



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION	
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight			
 Recommendation 1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management. 	YES	The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management. The Board Charter sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman. CEO/Managing Director and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, protocols regarding conflicts of interest and details on access to independent professional advice. A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Policies, is available on the Company's website.	
 Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. 	YES	 (a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board in its Corporate Governance Policies. The Company's Board Charter requires the Board to ensure appropriate checks are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director. (b) Under the Board Charter and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director. The Board will ensure this material information is included in the Company's 2021 Notice of Annual General Meeting. 	
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	YES	The Company's Board Charter requires that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written employment contract with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. The Company has written agreements with each of its current Directors and senior executives.	
Recommendation 1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	YES	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board and Board Committees.	
Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should:	YES	(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which allows the Board, subject to the size and operations of the Company, to adopt measurable objectives to assist the Company to achieve gender diversity and review the	



RECOMMENDATION	NS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
for achieving ger executives and v (c) disclose in relation (1) the measu diversity; (2) the entity's (3) either: (A) the resistent senior (includ) these (B) if the end Gender Indication (A) If	se a diversity policy; d or a committee of the board set measurable objectives inder diversity in the composition of its board, senior workforce generally; and on to each reporting period: rable objectives set for that period to achieve gender a progress towards achieving those objectives; and spective proportions of men and women on the board, in executive positions and across the whole workforce ling how the entity has defined "senior executive" for purposes); or entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace er Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality tors", as defined in and published under that Act. the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition f its board should be to have not less than 30% of its rectors of each gender within a specified period.		Company's progress in meeting these objectives and the effectiveness of these objectives each year. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for recommending such measurable objectives to the Board in light of the Company's general selection policy for personnel and reporting to the Board on the Company's progress towards achieving its measurable objectives each year. (b) The Diversity Policy is available, as part of the Corporate Governance Policies, on the Company's website. (c) (i) The Board did not set measurable gender diversity objectives for the past financial year. The Board's view is that the existing Directors and senior executives have sufficient skill and experience to carry out the Company's current plans and if it became necessary to appoint any new Directors or senior executives, the Board considered the application of a measurable gender diversity objective requiring a specified proportion of women on the Board and in senior executive roles will, given the relatively small size of the Company and the Board currently, unduly limit the Company from applying the Diversity Policy as a whole and the Company's policy of appointing based on skills and merit. (ii) The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes) as at 30 June 2021 is disclosed below – Female Male Board 0% 100% Senior Executive* 67% 33% Whole organisation 62% 38% * The Senior Executives are the individuals at the highest level of organisational management who have the day-to-day responsibilities of managing the Company below the Board. The Senior Executives for the purposes of the table above include the Company's CEO, CFO (or equivalent) and Company Secretary.
		YES	(a) The Company's Board with assistance from the Remuneration and Nomination Committee review and approve the performance of the board, its committees, and individual directors as well as any policies concerned with the remuneration of employees. The process of performance evaluation is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Policies, which are available on the Company's website.



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.		(b) The Board undertook a formal performance evaluation during the financial year the results of which were tabled and reviewed at the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and Board level. In addition, given the small size of the Board, the Chair maintained open and honest communication with all Board members and Committee Chairs throughout the year.
 Recommendation 1.7 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	YES	 (a) The Company's Board with assistance from the Remuneration and Nomination Committee review and approve the performance of senior executives as well as any policies concerned with the remuneration of employees. In addition, the Company's Board with the advice and assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, review and approve the remuneration of senior executives, having regard to their performance. The process of performance evaluation is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Policies, which are available on the Company's website. (b) The Company has completed performance evaluations in respect of the senior executives for the past financial year in accordance with the applicable processes.
Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value		
 Recommendation 2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 	YES	The Company currently has a Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Remuneration and Nomination Committee with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. The Committee comprises four independent Non-executive Directors, Keith Jones (chair of the Committee and chair of the Board) with independent Non-executive Directors Andrew (Robin) Marshall, Paul Hallam and Colin Moorhead as members of the Committee. The number of times the committee met during the last financial year, and the individual attendances of the members, are disclosed in the Annual Report.



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Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	YES	Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan), the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is required to assist with Board composition to assess and recommend to the Board, the desired competencies and skills required on the Board. The Committee and Board assesses its Board skills matrix which sets out the mix of skills that the Board currently has (or is looking to achieve) and to review this at least annually against the Company's Board skills matrix to ensure the appropriate mix of skills and expertise is present to facilitate successful strategic direction.
		The current Board's skills matrix is set out below:
		Keith Jones – Independent Non-executive Chairman
		Qualifications/Skills – B.Bus, FCA, FAICD
		Accounting and finance, corporate, and resources and energy.
		Chris Stevens – Chief Executive Officer & Executive Director
		Qualifications/Skills – BA (Hons), MA (Oxon), MSc, GAICD, FAusIMM
		Mineral economist, minerals and energy, business development and mine management.
		Colin Moorhead – Independent Non-executive Director
		Qualifications/Skills – BSc (Hons), FAusIMM (CP), FSEG, GAICD
		Experienced mining professional, mine management and business development, health, safety, environment and community.
		Andrew (Robin) Marshall – Independent Non-executive Director
		Qualifications/Skills - I.Eng(UK), MAICD
		Experienced mining professional, mine management and business development.
		Paul Hallam – Independent Non-executive Director
		Qualifications/Skills – BE(Hons)Mining, FAICD, FAusIMM
		Mining Engineer, mine management and business development.
		Full details as to each Director and senior executive's relevant skills and experience are available in the Company's Annual Report.
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose:	YES	a) The Board Charter requires the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. During the financial year the Board consisted of an independent Non-executive Chairman, Keith Jones (appointed to the Board on 26 April 2018), CEO/Executive Director, Chris



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 (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 		 Stevens (appointed on 26 April 2018) and independent Non-executive Directors Andrew (Robin) Marshall (appointed on 19 July 2019), Paul Hallam (appointed on 21 August 2019) and Colin Moorhead (appointed on 21 August 2019). Non-executive Director Mr Zhu Changjiang (appointed to the Board on 22 May 2020 and resigned on 31 August 2021) was not considered to be independent as he was Board nominee of a substantial shareholder of the Company, Angang Group Hong Kong (Holdings) Limited (trading as Ansteel). b) There are no Directors that fall within this category. c) The length of service of each Director is noted above.
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	YES	The majority of the Board both during the financial year and currently is independent.
Recommendation 2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	YES	The Company's Chairman, Keith Jones, is considered independent, and is not the CEO of the Company.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	YES	The Company Secretary and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for the induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development. The Company Secretary regularly provides information to the Directors which may assist in their ongoing professional development.
Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly		
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	YES	The Board has adopted a set of values which are the foundation for how the Company achieves its business objectives. Our values are supported by the Code of Conduct and other key governance principles and policies which are approved by the Board. The Company's values are available on the Company's website.
Recommendation 3.2	YES	Coda Minerals is committed to acting ethically and responsibly.
 A listed entity should: a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code. 		The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct applies to all directors (executive or non-executive), officers, employees, authorised representatives, contractors or consultants of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company, if any. The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct is available on the Company's
		website. The Board is informed of any material breaches of the Code.



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
 Recommendation 3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy. Recommendation 3.4 A listed entity should: a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material branches of the board is informed of any 	YES	The Company's Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under this Policy. The Company's Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material breaches of this Policy.
material breaches of that policy. Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
 Recommendation 4.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the audit engagement partner. 	YES	The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee. The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair of the Board. The Committee comprises three independent Non-executive Directors, Paul Hallam (also Chair of the Committee), Keith Jones (chair of the Board and member of the Committee) and Andrew (Robin) Marshall (member of the Committee). The number of times the Committee met during that year and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings is disclosed in the Company's Annual Report. The Annual Report also includes the qualifications and experience of all Directors including the Directors which are members of the Committee. The Charter of the Audit and Risk Committee is located in the Corporate Governance page of the Company's website. The Company's auditors attend and present their closing audit report to the Audit and Risk Committee prior to approval of both the Half Year and Full Year Financial Statements. The auditor's closing report is also circulated to the full Board.
Recommendation 4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration	YES	The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms. The Company has obtained a sign off on these terms in the past financial year.



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that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	YES	The Company has comprehensive practices in place to verifying the integrity of the Company's periodic reports which are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, to satisfy the Board that each periodic report is materially accurate, balanced and provides investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions. Where a periodic corporate report, such the Company's quarterly report, are not
		required to be audited or reviewed by an external auditor, Coda Minerals conducts an internal verification process to confirm the integrity of the report, to ensure that the content of the report is materially accurate, and to provide investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions. Appropriate supporting information for such corporate reports are sought and retained on preparation of the report and the full Board reviews and approves the release of such reports. The auditors also review these quarterly reports as part of their year- end audit work.
		Copies of all market announcements are also required to be circulated to the Board promptly, to ensure the Board has timely oversight of the nature and quality of information being disclosed to the market.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	YES	 (a) The Company's Corporate Governance Policies detail the Company's disclosure requirements under the Continuous Disclosure Policy as required by the ASX Listing Rules and other relevant legislation. (b) The Corporate Governance Policies, which incorporates the Continuous Disclosure Policy, is available on the Company website.
Recommendation 5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	YES	Copies of all market announcements are circulated by the Company Secretary promptly to the Board to ensure the Board has timely oversight of the nature and quality of information being disclosed to the market.
Recommendation 5.3	YES	Any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations will be released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation. The Chair, CEO



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A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market		and Company Secretary ensure that any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations are released to ASX ahead of the presentation.
Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		Where practicable, the Company will consider providing shareholders the opportunity to participate in such presentations.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendation 6.1		Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate
A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	YES	Governance section on the Company's website.
Recommendation 6.2		The Company has adopted a Communications Policy that aims to promote and
A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	YES	facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Policy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Policies.
Recommendation 6.3		Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings and AGMs of
A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	YES	the Company. Shareholder meeting materials include a statement encouraging all shareholders to participate in the meeting.
Recommendation 6.4		All substantive resolutions at shareholder meetings will be decided by a poll rather
A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	YES	than a show of hands in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules. The Company's share registry will assist with the running of the poll.
Recommendation 6.5	YES	The Company recognises that it is often efficient to communicate electronically
A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications		and accordingly:
from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		(a) shareholders will be given the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its share registry electronically; and
		(b) the Company's email system allows staff and stakeholders to communicate simply and easily with management and staff of the Company
		Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.
		Shareholder queries are referred to the Company Secretary in the first instance.



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk		
 Recommendation 7.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 	YES	The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee. The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair of the Board. The Committee comprises three independent Non-executive Directors, Paul Hallam (also Chair of the Committee), Keith Jones (chair of the Board and member of the Committee) and Andrew (Robin) Marshall (member of the Committee). The number of times the Committee met during the last financial year, and the individual attendances of the members, are disclosed in the Annual Report. The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Committee are disclosed in the Annual Report. The Charter of the Audit and Risk Committee is located on the Corporate Governance page of the Company's website. The Charter outlines the process of risk management and internal compliance and control.
 Recommendation 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place. 	YES	 (a) Risk recognition and management are viewed by the Company as integral to its objectives of creating and maintaining shareholder value, and to the successful execution of the Company's strategies. The Company's Risk Management Policy requires that the Board will review the effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and internal control system annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating within the risk appetite set by the Board. (b) The Board reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and internal control system in relation to the reporting period.
 Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes. 	YES	The Company does not currently have a formal internal audit function, however the Board oversees the effectiveness of governance, risk management and internal control processes. Management is charged with resourcing, operating and monitoring the system of internal control, incorporating risk responses in the form of controls into its management systems, and reporting results of the effectiveness of these systems to the Board. Although no system of internal control can provide absolute assurance that the business risks will be fully mitigated, the internal control systems adopted by the Company have been designed to meet the Company's specific needs and the risks



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		to which it is exposed. Internal control measures currently adopted by the Board include:
		(i) monthly reporting to the Board in respect of operational and financial performance;
		 (ii) authority limits established for management which must not be exceeded unless prior Board approval is obtained;
		(iii) a compliance procedure for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations; and
		(iv) regular reports to the Board by appropriate members of the management team and/or independent advisers, outlining the nature of particular risks and highlighting measure which are either in place or can be adopted to manage or mitigate those risks.
		The Board will continue to monitor the need for an internal audit function having regard to the size, location and complexity of the Company's operations.
Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	YES	The Audit and Risk Committee review whether the Company has any material exposure to any economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and if so, develop strategies to manage such risks to present to the Board. The Company discloses this information in its Annual Report and on its ASX website as part of its continuous disclosure obligations.
Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
Recommendation 8.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which:	YES	The Company currently has a Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Remuneration and Nomination Committee with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors.
 (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: 		The Committee comprises four independent Non-executive Directors, Keith Jones (chair of the Committee and chair of the Board) with independent Non-executive Directors Andrew (Robin) Marshall, Paul Hallam and Colin Moorhead as members of the Committee.
 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or 		The number of times the committee met during the last financial year, and the individual attendances of the members, are disclosed in the Annual Report.
(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration		



RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.		
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	YES	The Company's Remuneration Policy is available on the Corporate Governance page on the Company's website. The Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives is disclosed in the Remuneration Report contained in the Company's Annual Report.
 Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	YES	 (a) The Company had an equity based remuneration scheme during the past financial year. The Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives, including equity-based remuneration, is disclosed in the Remuneration Report in the Annual Report and is in accordance with the Remuneration Policy. (b) In accordance with the Company's Remuneration Policy, which is available on the Company's website on the Corporate Governance page, no director or member of senior management (including any employee who is a restricted employee under the Company's Securities Trading Policy) who participates in an equity based remuneration scheme established by the Company may enter into any transaction designed to limit the economic risk of participating in the equity based remuneration scheme.